

Written HW15 – MATH 2501 Fall 2021

Due by 27 October for timely completion credit

1. Compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^4 + x^3 + 2000x + 1}{-10x^4 - 300000x + 12}$
2. Compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x} \ln(x)^2}$
3. Recall the Stirling approximation which says that  $n! \approx \sqrt{2\pi n} \left(\frac{n}{e}\right)^n$  (note: as discussed in class, this means you can replace  $n!$  with  $\sqrt{2\pi n} \left(\frac{n}{e}\right)^n$  inside a limit as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ ).  
Calculate  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n! e^n}{\sqrt{nn^n}}$ .
4. It can be shown that a so-called “modified Bessel function of the first kind”,  $I_1(x)$ , has asymptotic formula  $I_1(x) \approx \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{2\pi x}}$  (note: this means you can replace  $I_1(x)$  with  $\frac{e^x}{\sqrt{2\pi x}}$  in a limit as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ).  
Use that fact to compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{-x} I_1(x)$ .  
(another note: “Bessel functions” often appear when solving the “wave equation” on a circular membrane which describes, for instance, the behavior of a snare drum when it is struck by a stick)