

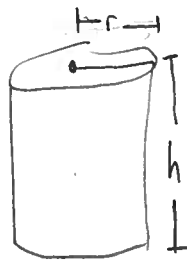
Ex: The volume of a right circular cylinder is

①

$\pi \approx 3.141$

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

radius height



What is the radius of such a cylinder if it has height 3 and volume 12π ?

Soln:

$$12 = \pi r^2 (3) \quad \text{solve for } r$$

↓ divide by 3π

$$r^2 = \frac{12}{3\pi} = \frac{4}{\pi}$$

↓ $\sqrt{\quad}$

We got two answers:

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{4}{\pi}}$$

$$\rightarrow r = \pm \sqrt{\frac{4}{\pi}}$$

$$r = -\sqrt{\frac{4}{\pi}}$$

← not physically meaningful

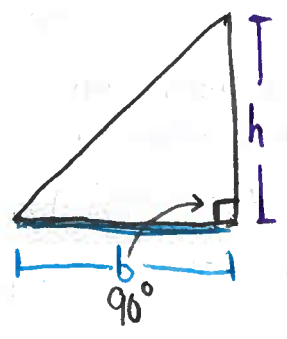
← negative length doesn't make sense!

So,

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{4}{\pi}} \approx 1.13$$

Ex: height of a right triangle is 10 feet
 more than 3 times the length of its base
 Express area as a function of the length of its base, x , in feet.

Soln:



Area_Δ = $\frac{1}{2}bh$
 ↑ base ↑ height

$b = x$

$h = 10 + 3x$

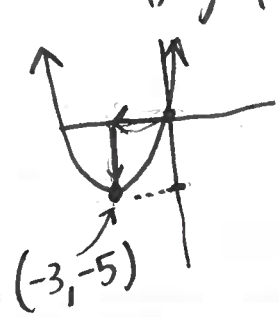
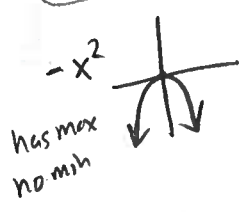
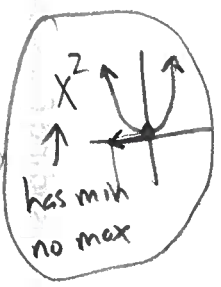
So,

Area_Δ = $\frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}x(10 + 3x)$

y-values

Ex: Given $y = (x+3)^2 - 5$ find min/max of this function.

Soln: By transformations, the graph of this is graph of x^2 shifted left by 3 + down by 5.



NO MAX

min is -5 occurring at $x = -3$

Ex: The demand eqn for a product is

$$p = 191 - 0.03x$$

where p is price of product + x is number of units produced.

The total revenue obtained by producing + selling x units is

$$R = xp$$

Determine prices (p) that would yield a revenue of \$5000.

Soln: $5000 = x(191 - 0.03x)$ ← has no "p" but that's ok

$$0 = 191x - 0.03x^2 - 5000$$

$$0 = -0.03x^2 + 191x - 5000$$

↓ solve (QF, $a = -0.03, b = 191, c = 5000$)

$$x = \frac{-191 \pm \sqrt{191^2 - 4(-0.03)(-5000)}}{2(-0.03)}$$

$$= \frac{-191}{2(-0.03)} \pm \frac{\sqrt{\text{mess}}}{-2(0.03)}$$

(+)

$$x = 26.28$$

(-)

$$x = 6340.38$$

(can't make partial units)

$$x = 27$$

$$x = 6341$$

produce 27 units + charge \$190.19

$$p = 191 - 0.03(27) = \$190.19$$

$$p = 191 - 0.03(6341) = \$0.77$$

produce 6341 units + charge 77cents

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

↓

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

