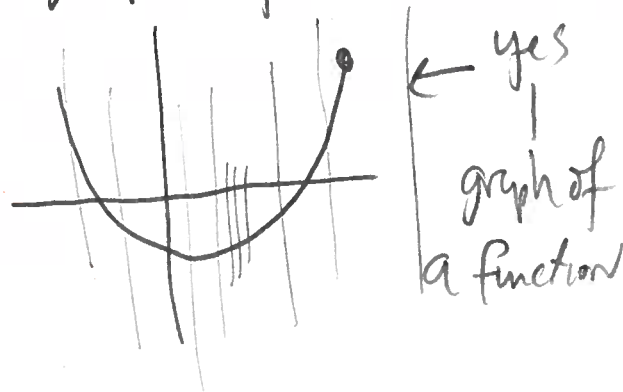
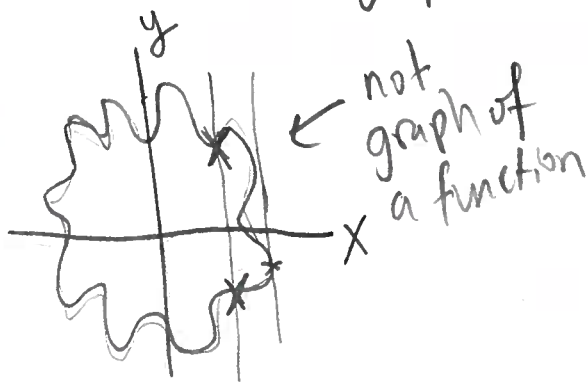


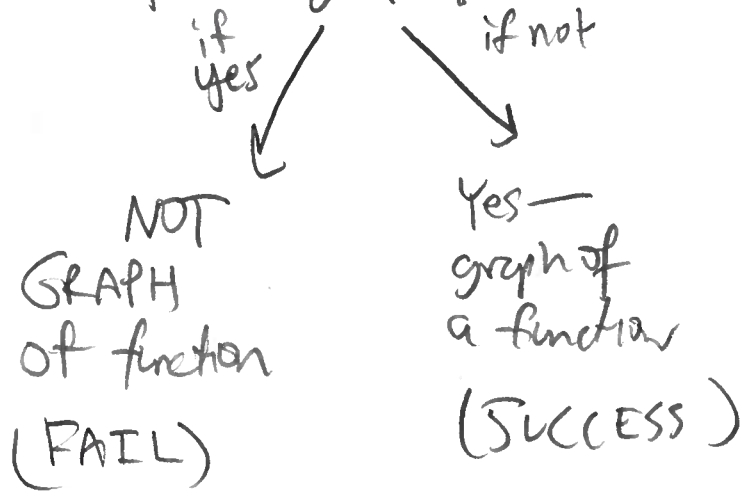
Functions

①

① vertical line test — shows whether or not a graph is the graph of a function



The test: does any vertical line that is drawn touch more than one point of the graph?



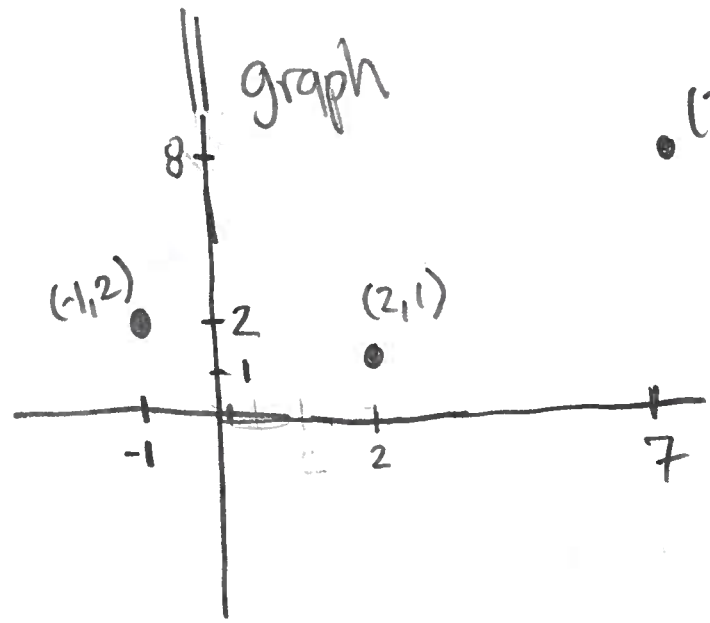
② relation/table of values

Table			
x	-1	2	7
y	2	1	8



Relation

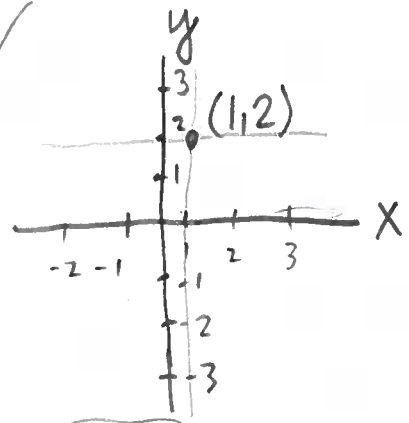
$$f = \{(-1, 2), (2, 1), (7, 8)\}$$



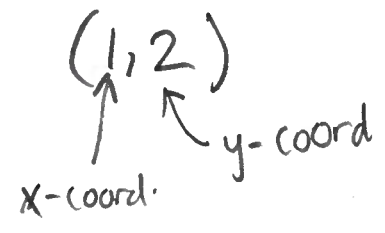
passes ~~the~~ the vertical line test !!

Our relation is a function.
 => Def: A function is a relation whose graph passes the vertical line test.

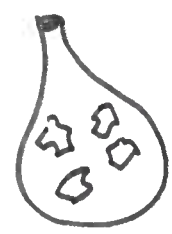
②



Ordered pairs



• (7, 8) sets
 A bag to put stuff in



notate:
 $\{ \text{object 1, object 2, } \dots \}$

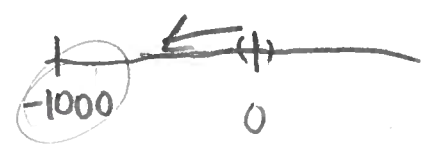


Consider table

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	4	-1	0	15	4	1	1

- What value(s) of x is y=15?

⇒ x=0



- What values of x have y ≤ 0?

x = -2 and x = -1

- For what values of y is x = 2?

y = 1

- What is the minimum value of y?

y = -1

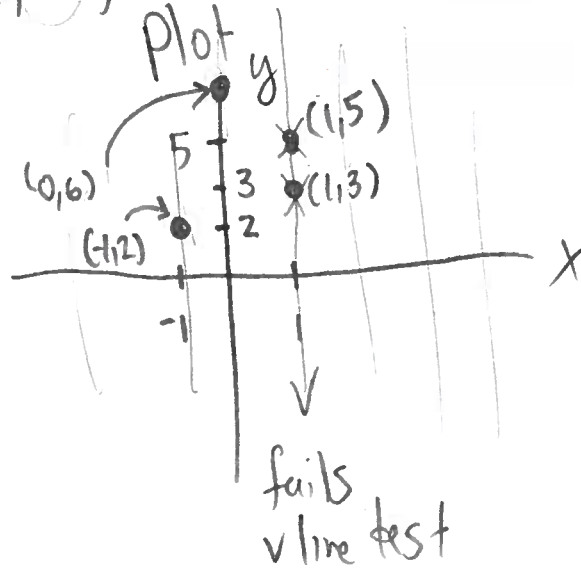
- What x-value does the max y value occur at?

x = 0

Consider

4

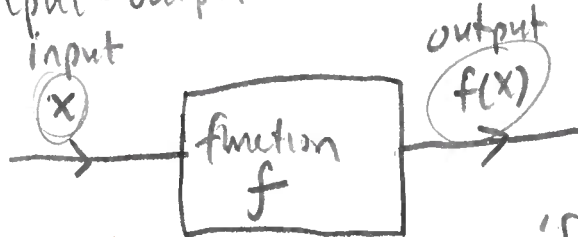
$$\{(1,5), (0,6), (-1,2), (1,3)\}$$



⇓
this relation is not a function!

3

input-output machine



$$\sin \quad 2F_1$$

$$\tan \quad \frac{d}{dx}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 1$$

input output

if $x=2$
↓

then $f(2) = 2^2 + 1$
 $= 5$

$$\Omega(\text{☺}) = \frac{\text{☺} + 1}{\text{☺}^2 - 3}$$

$$\Omega(7) = \frac{7+1}{7^2-3} = \frac{8}{46}$$

make ☺ = 7