

§5.4 | #20 | $\mu = 136, \sigma = 5.12, n = 12$

$$\mu_{\bar{x}} = \mu = 136$$

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{5.12}{\sqrt{12}} = 1.4780$$

#28 | $\mu = 65700, n = 48, \sigma = 14500$

$$\mu_{\bar{x}} = \mu = 65700$$

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{14500}{\sqrt{48}} = 2092.8947$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\bar{x} < 63400) &= P\left(\frac{\bar{x} - \mu_{\bar{x}}}{\sigma_{\bar{x}}} < \frac{63400 - 65700}{2092.8947}\right) \\ &= P(z < -1.09) \\ &= 0.1379 \end{aligned}$$

§6.1 | #37 | $n = 50, \bar{x} = 2650, \sigma = 425$ 95% conf.
 \downarrow
 $z_c = 1.96$

$$\text{Soln: } E = z_c \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = (1.96) \left(\frac{425}{\sqrt{50}} \right) = 117.804$$

So, with 95% certainty,

$$2650 - 117.804 < \mu < 2650 + 117.804$$

$$2352.196 < \mu < 2767.804$$

§6.2

(2)

#20 | $n=7, \bar{x}=110, s=44.50$

↓
d.f.=6

Soln:

want: 95% conf

↓
and d.f.=6

$t_c = 2.447$ ← t-dist table

Here,

$$E = t_c \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} = (2.447) \left(\frac{44.5}{\sqrt{7}} \right)$$

$$= 41.1571$$

Therefore with 95% confidence, we can say

$$110 - 41.1571 < \mu < 110 + 41.1571$$

$$68.8429 < \mu < 151.1571$$

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