## Homework 9 — MATH 4590 Spring 2018

1. Use induction to prove that

$$1 + r + r^{2} + \ldots + r^{n} = \frac{1 - r^{n+1}}{1 - r}.$$

2. Define

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0\\ (n-1)x - \frac{(n-1)n}{2}, & x \in [n-1,n), n \in \{1,2,3,\ldots\} \end{cases}$$

- a.) Sketch this function on [0, 5]. Is F continuous?
- b.) Find F'(x) at places which have a derivative. Add a sketch for F' to your sketch in part a.).
- c.) Use the above part to evaluate  $\int_{a}^{b} \lfloor x \rfloor dx$ , where  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  denotes the floor function (i.e.  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  is the greatest integer  $\leq x$ )
- 3. Prove that if  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  are zero sets, then  $Z_1 \cup Z_2$  is a zero set.
- 4. Show that any two antiderivatives of a function f differ by a constant. (*hint: use the "antiderivative theorem"*)
- 5. If  $f_n \rightrightarrows f$  and  $g_n \rightrightarrows g$  on A, prove that  $f_n + g_n \rightrightarrows f + g$  on A.