

$$f(x) = \cos(x)e^x, \text{ over } [-\pi, \pi]$$

$$f'(x) = -\sin(x)e^x + \cos(x)e^x = e^x(\cos(x) - \sin(x))$$

$$f''(x) = e^x(\cos(x) - \sin(x)) + e^x(-\sin(x) - \cos(x)) = -e^x(\sin(x) + \cos(x))$$

Critical points of f:

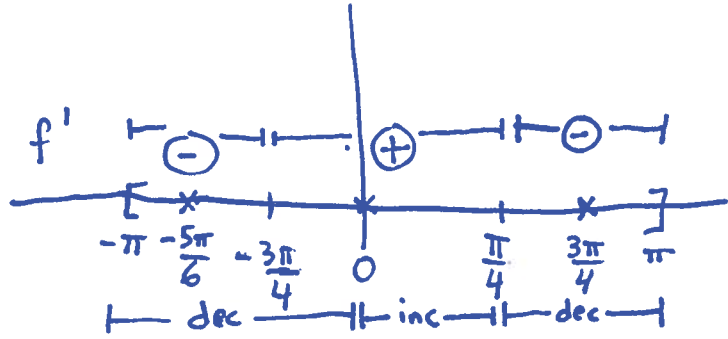
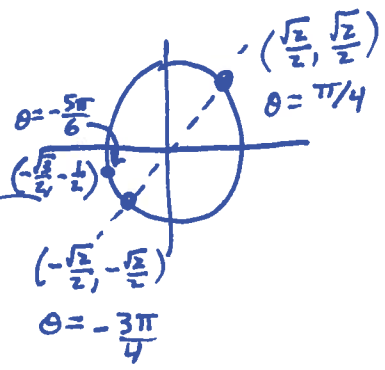
$$f'(x) = e^x(\cos(x) - \sin(x)) \stackrel{\text{set}}{=} 0$$

↓ divide by  $e^x$

$$\cos(x) - \sin(x) = 0$$

$$\cos(x) = \sin(x)$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{4}, -\frac{3\pi}{4}$$



local min at  $x = -\frac{3\pi}{4}$   
 local max at  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$

Calculate  $f'$  at test pts:

$$f'(-\frac{5\pi}{6}) = e^{-\frac{5\pi}{6}} (\cos(-\frac{5\pi}{6}) - \sin(-\frac{5\pi}{6}))$$

$$= \underbrace{e^{-\frac{5\pi}{6}}}_{>0} (\underbrace{\cos(-\frac{5\pi}{6}) - \sin(-\frac{5\pi}{6})}_{= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - (-\frac{1}{2})})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \leftarrow \text{negative}$$

$$\approx -0.366 < 0$$

$$f'(0) = e^0 (\cos(0) - \sin(0)) = 1(1 - 0) = 1 > 0$$

$$f'(\frac{3\pi}{4}) = e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} (\cos(\frac{3\pi}{4}) - \sin(\frac{3\pi}{4}))$$

$$= \underbrace{e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}}}_{>0} (\underbrace{\cos(\frac{3\pi}{4}) - \sin(\frac{3\pi}{4})}_{= \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}})$$

$$= -\sqrt{2} < 0$$

Critical pts of  $f'$

(2)

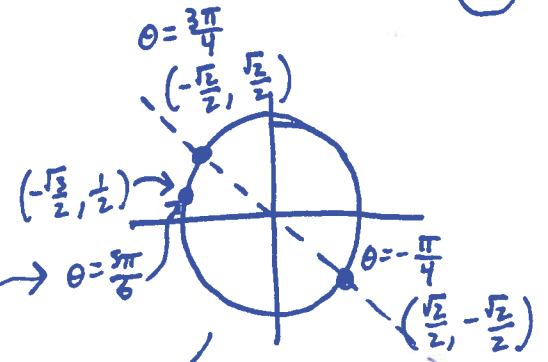
$$f''(x) = -e^x (\sin(x) + \cos(x)) \stackrel{\text{set}}{=} 0$$

↓ div by  $-e^x$

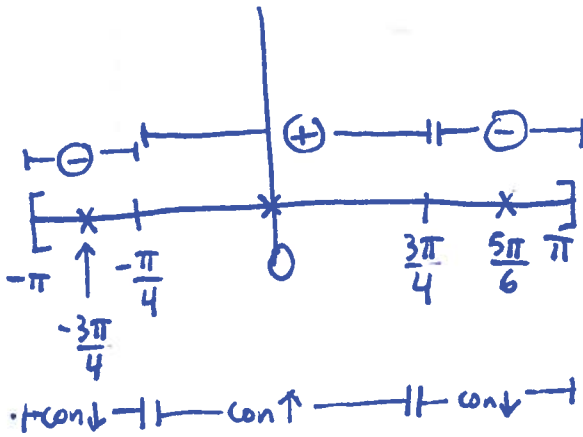
$$\sin(x) + \cos(x) = 0$$

$$\sin(x) = -\cos(x)$$

$$x = \frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{\pi}{4}$$



inflection points of  $f$



inflection points at  $x = -\frac{\pi}{4}$

and at  $x = \frac{3\pi}{4}$

Calculate  $f''$  at test pts

$$f''\left(-\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) = \underbrace{e^{-\frac{3\pi}{4}}}_{>0} \underbrace{(\sin(-\frac{3\pi}{4}) + \cos(-\frac{3\pi}{4}))}_{\text{negative}} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = -\sqrt{2}$$

$$f''(0) = e^0 (\sin(0) + \cos(0)) = 1(0+1) > 0$$

$$f''\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right) = \underbrace{e^{\frac{5\pi}{6}}}_{>0} \underbrace{(\sin(\frac{5\pi}{6}) + \cos(\frac{5\pi}{6}))}_{\text{negative}} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$