

Show all work clearly and in order, and circle your final answers.  
Justify your answers algebraically whenever possible. Unjustified work may not receive full credit.  
You have 25 minutes to complete this 10 point exam.

1. (3 points) Find the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + x - 2}$$

**Solution:** Notice if  $x = 1$  is plugged into the expression, the result is  $\frac{0}{0}$ . So we must algebraically manipulate the function inside. Notice that

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + x - 2} = \frac{(x - 1)(x + 1)}{(x + 2)(x - 1)} = \frac{x + 1}{x + 2}.$$

Hence we compute

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + x - 2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x + 1}{x + 2} \\ &= \frac{1 + 1}{1 + 2} \\ &= \frac{2}{3}. \end{aligned}$$

2. (3 points) Find the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{2x^2 + 3x + 7}{x - 1}$$

**Solution:** Notice that plugging  $x = 1$  into the expression yields  $\frac{12}{0}$ . Hence the limit will be infinite, but we must still determine whether it will be  $+\infty$  or  $-\infty$ . Since we are approaching 1 from the right, consider a point  $x_0$  slightly larger than 1. If we plug  $x_0$  into the expression  $\frac{2x^2 + 3x + 7}{x - 1}$  we get a positive value, since the numerator is obviously positive and the denominator is also positive (since we defined  $x_0 > 1$ , we get  $x_0 - 1 > 0$ ). Therefore we may conclude that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{2x^2 + 3x + 7}{x - 1} = +\infty.$$

3. (4 points) Find the limit

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 4} \frac{t - \sqrt{3t + 4}}{4 - t}$$

**Solution:** If  $t = 4$  is plugged into the expression, the result is  $\frac{0}{0}$ . So we will proceed by multiplication

by conjugate. Compute

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{t \rightarrow 4} \frac{t - \sqrt{3t + 4}}{4 - t} &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 4} \frac{t - \sqrt{3t + 4}}{4 - t} \left( \frac{t + \sqrt{3t + 4}}{t + \sqrt{3t + 4}} \right) \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 4} \frac{t^2 - (3t + 4)}{(4 - t)(t + \sqrt{3t + 4})} \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 4} \frac{t^2 - 3t - 4}{(4 - t)(t + \sqrt{3t + 4})} \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 4} \frac{(t - 4)(t + 1)}{(4 - t)(t + \sqrt{3t + 4})} \\ &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 4} \frac{(4 - t)(t + 1)}{(4 - t)(t + \sqrt{3t + 4})} \\ &= - \lim_{t \rightarrow 4} \frac{t + 1}{t + \sqrt{3t + 4}} \\ &= - \frac{4 + 1}{4 + \sqrt{3 \cdot 4 + 4}} \\ &= - \frac{5}{4 + \sqrt{16}} \\ &= -\frac{5}{8}.\end{aligned}$$